



第三屆澳門大學孔子學院漢字大賽

The 3rd Confucius Institute of University of Macau Chinese Characters Contest

初級漢語 I 組比賽題目內容

Sample Questions for the Elementary Mandarin I Group

1. 團體賽 Team Contest:

- A. 看圖片選擇漢字 Look at the picture and choose the right Chinese character:



- A. 八 B. 六 C. 二 D. 人

- 每位參賽隊員在 Kahoot 上答題，必須在規定時間內選出正確選項。Each team member must choose the correct answer on Kahoot within the specified time.

*在團體賽中，只有該題需每位參賽隊員在 Kahoot 上答題，其餘題目都以團隊為單位答題。In the Team Contest, only this question needs to be answered on Kahoot by each team member, and the rest of the questions will be answered by the team.

B. 筆畫題 Stroke questions:

- 主持人展示題目 The host will present the question:

- a. "你"一共几个笔画？

How many strokes does the character "你" has? ()

- A. 5 B. 6 C. 7 D. 8

- b. "早 (zǎo)" 的第一个笔画是什么？

What is the 1st stroke of "早 (zǎo)" ? ()

- A.— B. | C. 丶 D. 丶



- 參賽隊伍必須在規定時間內選出正確選項 Each team must choose the correct answer within the specified time.

C. 你做我猜 Chinese Charades:

- 主持人展示詞語 The host will show the Chinese word: “**汉字**”
- 各參賽隊伍派出一名隊員根據主持人展示的詞語輪流做動作（不可寫字、說話以及展示嘴型），其餘隊員在限時內猜測主持人展示的詞語。搶先答對的隊伍得分。若搶答錯誤，該隊則失去本輪答題機會，剩下隊伍繼續搶答，直至答對為止。Each team will assign a representative to take turns to act out (cannot write, speak and show mouth shape) the word shown by the host, and all teams will guess the word within the specified time. The first team to guess the word correctly will score. If the team guessed the word incorrectly, they will not have the chance to guess again, but other teams will still have a chance to guess until one of the teams got the answer right.

D. 連字成句 Use the given Chinese characters to make a complete sentence :

- 主持人展示題目 The host will present the question:

1. 不	2. 我	3. 天	4. 忙
—	今	—	—

- 參賽隊伍必須在規定時間內運用所給漢字組成一個正確的句子 Each team will use the given Chinese characters to form a correct and complete sentence within the specified time:

2. 我	今	3. 天	1. 不	4. 忙
—	—	—	—	—



E. 寫出同部件的漢字 Write out the list of Chinese characters with the same stroke or part:

- 主持人出示一個部件。The host will present one radical: “辶”
- 參賽隊伍必須在規定時間內盡可能多地寫出帶有這個部件的漢字。Each team will write as many Chinese characters as possible with the given radical within the specified time.

“这，还，选.....”

2.個人賽 Individual Contest:

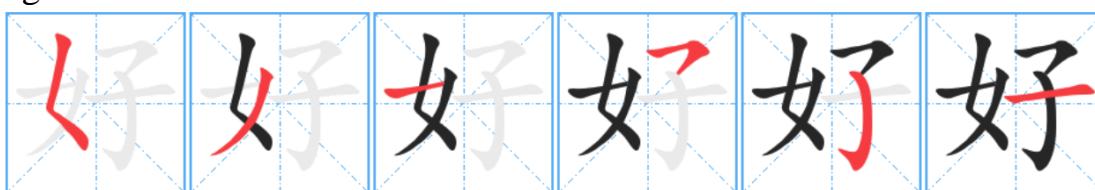
A. 組字 Form Chinese characters:

- 主持人出示一個部件。The host will present a radical: “口”
- 參賽者必須在規定時間內找到其他觀眾手中的筆畫或部件組字。Contestants will look for the strokes or parts from the audiences to form a Chinese character with the given radical within the specified time.

① 口+丨=中 ② 口+一=日 ③ 口+ノ+丶=只 ④.....

B. 寫出正確的筆順 Write the correct stroke order for the given Chinese characters:

- 主持人展示漢字 The host will show the Chinese character: “好”
- 參賽者必須在規定時間內用正確的筆順寫出該字。參賽者必須要寫出筆順，否則不得分。Contestants must write the Chinese character in the correct stroke order within the specified time. Contestants must write the characters stroke-by-stroke as per below sample, otherwise, no points will be given.



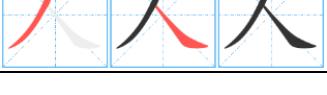


C. 看拼音寫漢字 Write the Chinese character based on the given pinyin and meaning:

- 主持人展示拼音。The host will present pinyin: “**dà** (big; old)”
- 參賽者必須在規定時間內寫出漢字。Contestants must write the Chinese characters within the specified time: **大**

*參賽者必須用簡體字作答所有題目。Contestants must use Simplified Chinese to answer all questions.

3. 汉字字表 Chinese Characters List:

汉字 Chinese character	笔顺 Stroke order
口 kǒu (mouth)	
木 mù (tree; wood)	
日 rì (sun)	
子 zǐ (baby; child)	
大 dà (big; old)	
小 xiǎo (small; young)	
女 nǚ (female; woman)	
人 rén (person)	



山 shān (mountain)	
火 huǒ (fire)	
工 gōng (work)	
作 zuò (make; act; perform)	
一 yī (one)	
二 èr (two)	
三 sān (three)	
四 sì (four)	
五 wǔ (five)	
六 liù (six)	
七 qī (seven)	
八 bā (eight)	
九 jiǔ (nine)	
十 shí (ten)	



你 nǐ (you)	你 你 你 你 你 你 你
好 hǎo (good)	好 好 好 好 好 好 好
什 shén (mixed; miscellaneous)	什 什 什 什 什 什 什
么 me (interrogative particle)	么 么 么 么 么 么 么
请 qǐng (polite form of request: please; to treat or to invite somebody)	请 请 请 请 请 请 请
问 wèn (to ask)	问 问 问 问 问 问 问
我 wǒ (I/me)	我 我 我 我 我 我 我
们 men (plural ending for pronouns)	们 们 们 们 们 们 们
没 méi (not)	没 没 没 没 没 没 没
有 yǒu (to have; to exist)	有 有 有 有 有 有 有
吗 ma (interrogative particle)	吗 吗 吗 吗 吗 吗 吗
几 jǐ (how many; some; a few)	几 几 几
个 gè/ge (measure word for many common everyday)	个 个 个 个



objects)	
的 de (a possessive or descriptive particle)	
和 hé (and)	
是 shì (be)	
不 bù (no; not)	
也 yě (also)	
这 zhè (this)	
那 nà (that)	
还 hái (still; yet)	
都 dōu (all; in every case)	
学 xué (to study; to learn)	



生 shēng (grow; be born; people taking up certain jobs as their occupation)	
大 dà (big; old)	
中 zhōng (middle; centre)	
小 xiǎo (small; young)	
英 yīng (Britain)	
文 wén (character)	
国 guó (country; nation)	
天 tiān (day; sky)	
昨 zuó (yesterday)	
今 jīn (now, at present)	



明 míng (bright)	
年 nián (year)	
现 xiàn (now; to appear)	
在 zài (in; at; to exist)	
点 diǎn (hour; a bit; spot)	
见 jiàn (to see; to meet)	
吃 chī (to eat)	
饭 fàn (meal)	
上 shàng (above; on top; to ascend; to go to)	
下 xià (below; under; to descend)	
时 shí (time; period)	
间 jiān (MW for room; between)	



怎 zěn (how; why)	
样 yàng (kind, sort; appearance)	
太 tài (extremely; excessively)	
了 le (particle for new situation, completed action, etc.)	
很 hěn (very)	
忙 máng (busy)	
去 qù (to go)	
早 zǎo (early)	
晚 wǎn (evening; late)	



儿 ér (son)	
以 yǐ (by means of)	
所 suǒ (place, location)	
月 yuè (moon)	
因 yīn (because)	
为 wèi (for)	
门 mén (door)	